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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

OMB APPROVAL	
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**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2007 AND ENDING 12/31/2007
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Premier Group Inc

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
8610 Broadway, Ste. 100

(No. and Street)

San Antonio

Texas

78217

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Hugh J. Graham

(210) 804-1500

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

The Hanke Group, P.C.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

10101 Reunion Place, Suite 750, San Antonio, TX 78216

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- ☒ Certified Public Accountant
☐ Public Accountant
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

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**THOMSON
FINANCIAL**


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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Hugh J. Graham, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Premier Group, Inc., as of December 31, 2007, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:




Signature
President
Title

Niruka P. Ellis
Notary Public

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☒ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☐ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital
- ☒ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☒ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

THE PREMIER GROUP, INC.

**Financial Statements
and Supplemental Information**

December 31, 2007

**SEC Mail Processing
Section**

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H A N K E



G R O U P

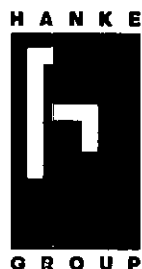
**A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Board of Directors
The Premier Group, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of The Premier Group, Inc. (a Texas Corporation), as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income, changes in shareholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial condition of The Premier Group, Inc., as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on pages 8 and 9 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplemental information required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The information contained on pages 8 and 9 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Hanke Group, P.C.

San Antonio, Texas
February 19, 2008

THE PREMIER GROUP, INC.

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2007**

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:

Cash	\$ 29,411
Certificate of deposit	11,119
Concessions receivable	<u>5,063</u>

TOTAL \$ 45,593

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES:

Concessions payable	\$ 3,375
Accounts payable	<u>825</u>

Total current liabilities 4,200

SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY:

Common stock, no par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding	25,000
Paid-in capital	23,492
Retained deficit	<u>(7,099)</u>

Total shareholder's equity 41,393

TOTAL \$ 45,593



THE PREMIER GROUP, INC.

STATEMENT OF INCOME
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

REVENUES:

Fee income	\$ 254,362
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GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES:

Salaries, commissions, and benefits	188,004
Licenses, fees, and taxes	58,471
Professional fees	12,940
Office	11,192

Total general and administrative expenses	270,607
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OTHER INCOME:

Other income	35,000
Interest income	1,119

Total other income	36,119
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NET INCOME	\$ 19,874
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THE PREMIER GROUP, INC.

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007**

	COMMON STOCK	PAID-IN CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)	TOTAL
BALANCE at December 31, 2006	\$ 25,000	\$ 15,492	\$ (26,973)	\$ 13,519
NET INCOME	-	-	19,874	19,874
CONTRIBUTIONS	<u>-</u>	<u>8,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,000</u>
BALANCE at December 31, 2007	<u>\$ 25,000</u>	<u>\$ 23,492</u>	<u>\$ (7,099)</u>	<u>\$ 41,393</u>



THE PREMIER GROUP, INC.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net income	\$ 19,874
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Decrease in accounts receivable	2,136
Decrease in commissions payable	(1,425)
Increase in account payable	<u>825</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>21,410</u>

FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Capital contributions from shareholder	<u>8,000</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>8,000</u>

INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

Reinvestment of certificate of deposits' earnings	<u>(1,119)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(1,119)</u>

NET INCREASE IN CASH 28,291

CASH at December 31, 2006 1,120

CASH at December 31, 2007 \$ 29,411



THE PREMIER GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General — The Premier Group, Inc., (Company) was formed in April 1999 for the purpose of selling direct participation oil and gas programs for drilling companies in Texas. During 2007, the Company sold programs only for Premier Minerals, Inc. (Premier). The 100% shareholder of the Company is an employee, shareholder, and officer of Premier.

Estimates — The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Flows — For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit or other highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Income Tax — Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between the basis of assets for financial and income tax reporting. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Deferred taxes are also recognized for operating losses that are available to offset future taxable income.

2. FEDERAL INCOME TAX

At December 31, 2007, there are no material differences between net income for financial reporting purposes and net taxable income. A reconciliation of the 2007 income tax expense to the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate of 34% is summarized below:

Income tax at statutory rate	\$ 6,757
Surtax exemption	(3,776)
Change in valuation allowance for net operating loss carryforward	<u>(2,981)</u>
	<u>\$ -</u>

The Company has a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$18,500 which can be used to offset future taxable income. This carryforward begins to expire in 2023. Due to the uncertainty of the Company's ability to utilize this carryforward, the deferred benefit associated with this carryforward has been reserved.

3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. The Company has elected to use the alternative method, permitted by Paragraph 15c3-1(2) of the rule, which requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital, as defined, of not less than \$5,000. (The net capital rule also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if resulting net capital would be less than \$5,000.) At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital, as defined, of \$39,650.



THE PREMIER GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) **DECEMBER 31, 2007**

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As discussed in Note 1, the Company derives all of its income from the sale of direct participation oil and gas programs for Premier. Pursuant to this agreement, the Company receives commissions equal to 15% of the total cost of the program units sold by brokers of the Company. Additionally, Premier pays the Company's share of rent, salaries, and benefits. The Company reimburses Premier for one-half of office supplies and utilities.

5. LITIGATION

In April 2004, a lawsuit seeking the return of \$1,250,000 of drilling fund investments plus attorney fees was filed by an investor against the Company, Premier, and the shareholder of the Company for allegations of violating the Texas Securities Act, fraud, misrepresentation, conspiracy, and breach of contract regarding investments in oil and gas joint ventures. During 2005 the lawsuit was settled without admission of wrong-doing with Premier agreeing to repay the investor \$1,000,000 in return for all of the investor's mineral interests in producing wells originally purchased. The Company, as a party to the settlement, was contingently liable for any amounts that Premier was unable to pay; however, the settlement was paid off in 2007.



SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



THE PREMIER GROUP, INC.

**COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL
(AS DEFINED WITHIN SECURITIES ACT OF 1934 RULE 15c3-1)
DECEMBER 31, 2007**

TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY FROM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	\$ 41,393
DEDUCT SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY NOT ALLOWABLE FOR NET CAPITAL	<u>-</u>
TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY QUALIFIED FOR NET CAPITAL	41,393
ADD:	
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital	-
Other allowable credits	<u>-</u>
TOTAL CAPITAL AND ALLOWABLE SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES	<u>41,393</u>
DEDUCTIONS AND/OR CHARGES:	
Total non-allowable assets from statement of financial condition	1,688
Secured demand note deficiency	-
Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities	-
Other deductions and/or charges	<u>-</u>
	<u>39,705</u>
OTHER ADDITIONS:	
NET CAPITAL BEFORE HAIRCUTS ON SECURITIES POSITIONS (HAIRCUTS ON SECURITIES COMPUTED WHERE APPLICABLE)	55
Contractual securities commitments	-
Deficit in securities collateralizing secured demand notes	-
Trading and investment securities	-
Undue concentrations	-
Other	<u>-</u>
NET CAPITAL	<u>\$ 39,650</u>



THE PREMIER GROUP, INC.

**COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AND
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER 15c3-1
DECEMBER 31, 2007**

As of December 31, 2007, the Company is exempt from the provision of Rule 15c3-3 under Section 15c3-3(k)(2)(i):

"...The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to a broker or dealer... who carries no margin accounts, promptly transmits all customer funds and delivers all securities received in connection with his activities as a broker or dealer, does not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers and effectuates all financial transactions between the broker or dealer and his customers through one or more bank accounts, each to be designated as "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers of The Premier Group, Inc. ..."

Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1:

There were no material differences between Net Capital as presented on page 8 herein and the Company's presentation of Net Capital in Part IIA of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2007.





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1)

To the Board of Directors
The Premier Group, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of The Premier Group, Inc. (Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

The Hanke Group, P.C.

San Antonio, Texas
February 19, 2008

END

